

Delivery Range

KG 2000 Polypropylen SN 10

Waste water pipes and fittings







KG 2000 SN 10 Polypropylene

These days the world is future-oriented and facing modernization. Driven by the speed of today's world the modern man interferes more and more in the nature. As a consequence of our endeavour to pollute the environment as little as possible, the modern KG 2000 SN 10 Polypropylene waste water system has been developed to meet highest demands.

Benefits and Advantages of the System

- MODERN HIGHLY-DEVELOPED SYSTEM WITH MASSIVE WALL TECHNOLOGY
- EXTENSIVE FULL RANGE DN 110 500
- STABILITY UNDER EXTREME CONDITIONS
- IMPROVED PATENTED GASKET
- HIGH IMPACT RESISTANCE
- HIGH ABRASION RESISTANCE
- SMOOTH SURFACE
- EASY TO INSTALL
- LONG LASTING
- SLW 60
 0,5 M POSSIBLE WITH STATISTIC PROOF
- RING STIFFNESS SN 10
- WITH NBR GASKET USE AS GREASE PIPE WITH TRACE HEATING
- WITH NBR GASKET SUITABLE FOR THE DRAINAGE OF INDUSTIAL AND PETROL STATION WASTE WATER

Quality without compromise

Material Properties KG 2000 SN 10

Waste water pipes for demanding conditions

Commercial Name KG 2000 SN10

Material

Polypropylene PP-MD

Production

DIN EN 14758

Application

underground drainage

Nominal diameters (DN/OD)

110, 125, 160, 200, 250, 315, 400, 500

Colour

spring green RAL 6017

Seal

Factory inlaid SBR gasket acc. to DIN 681 patented gasket

Chemical Resistance

Discharge of aggressive media in the range of pH2 – pH12 see also www.ostendorf-kunststoffe.com

Marking

Pipes and Fittings

Permanent marking with manufacturer label, nominal diameter, DIN standard (DIN EN 14758) date of manufacture (Fittings additionally bear information about the nominal angle.)

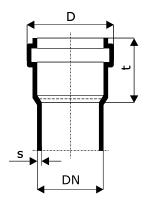
Pipe Structure

full wall pipe system with homogenous wall structure

Ring Stiffness

SN 10 (acc. to MPA report: $> 10 kN/m^2$ acc. to DIN ISO 9969) usable in heavy load area SLW 60





DN(OD)	s [mm]	D [mm]	t [mm]
110	3,4	128,4	72
125	3,9	146,0	80
160	4,9	186,6	95
200	6,2	236,0	123
250	7,7	287,2	133
315	9,7	358,8	155
400	12,3	455,0	180
500	15,3	565,0	205

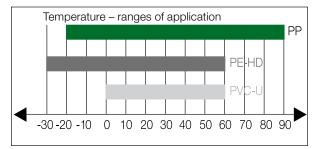
PP - The material of the future

Polypropylene (PP), polypropylene is a thermoplastic material belonging to the group of polyolefins. These plastics have already been used with great success in pipe production for several decades. Polypropylene is also used in the automobile industry and in fuel stations since it meets high safety requirements. Guaranteed safety from a hygienic point of view, resistance to corrosion, good processing properties and several additional factors ensure a wide range of applications.



PP - PROPERTIES

With respect to DIN EN 476, polypropylene has excellent thermal properties. It can also be used under extreme conditions.



- High chemical resistance pH2 pH 12 (acid/alkaline)
 resistant to bioorganic sulphuric acid corrosion see also www.ostendorf-kunststoffe.com
- High abrasion resistance of PP long lasting and safe in operation
- Excellent impact resistance and extremely tough
 - does not tend to crack or spread cracks
 - robust under mechanical stress (e. g. high-pressure flushing)
- · Smooth inside surface
 - optimal hydraulics
 - no incrustation
 - deposits do not get caught
 - self-cleaning, requires less maintenance

PP - Properties

An important requirement in private and public waste water systems is a long lasting water-tight pipe connection against leakage of waste water and ground water. The new innovative and patented gasket is a result of a long development. The decisive improvements are achieved by the special design.

The new sealing system

- Tensioning lip
- Retaining lip
- Wiping lip
- Sealing lip



The function

of each gasket element

Tensioning lip

The tensioning lip prevents dirt build-up between the pipe wall and the gasket.

Retaining lip

The retaining lip causes the tensioning lip to be pressed against the foremost edge of the gasket groove. This stops the gasket ring from being pressed out or rolling.

Wiping lip

The wiping lip serves to keep back any dirt on the pipe.

Sealing lip

The sealing lip assures a tight long-term pipe connection. Leakage test according to DIN EN 1610 with air and water from 0.05 bar to 0.5 bar and vacuum. (System test 3.0 bar MPA Darmstadt).



Insertion forces

The insertion forces are considerably reduced by the special gasket design. This makes installation far easier compared to the usual sewer pipe systems.

Ecological value to the environment

- material Polypropylene PP
- ground water neutral
- · durable leak-proof pipe connection

Polypropylene, an environmentally-friendly material due to the method of production, recyclability and the resistance to aggressive media. The new KG 2000 SN 10 sealing system provides enhanced protection against infiltration and exfiltration of waste water into the ground water.

Polypropylene – ecologically valuable, the material of the future..



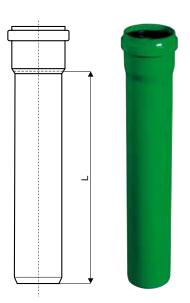


Product range KG 2000 SN 10 Polypropylene

KG 2000 - Pipe SN 10

KG2000EM - Single socket pipe (push-fit)

	No.	DN	L [mm]	Unit
	770320	110	500	80
Ī	770340	110	1000	80
	770360	110	2000	80
Ī	770380	110	5000	80
_	770420	125	500	60
	770440	125	1000	54
	770460	125	2000	54
	770480	125	5000	54
	770520	160	500	35
	770540	160	1000	35
_	770560	160	2000	35
	770580	160	5000	35
	770620	200	500	20
	770640	200	1000	25
	770660	200	2000	25
	770680	200	5000	25
	770740	250	1000	1/16
	770770	250	3000	1/16
	770790	250	6000	1/16
	770840	315	1000	1/9
	770870	315	3000	1/9
	770890	315	6000	1/9
	770940	400	1000	1/4
	770970	400	3000	1/4
	770990	400	6000	1/4
/!	771040	500	1000	1/4
/!	771070	500	3000	1/4
/!	771090	500	6000	1/4

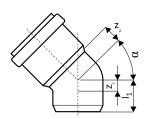


NEW!

KG 2000 - Fitting SN 10

KG2000B - Bend 15°

No.	DN	α	Z ₁	Z ₂	I,	Unit
771300	110	15°	9	16	87	4/260
771400	125	15°	10	19	93	4/160
771500	160	15°	24	19	120	4/84
771600	200	15°	15	31	158	1/40
771700	250	15°	23	44	163	1/24
771800	315	15°	28	56	188	1/12
771900	400	15°	29	67	220	1/6
<mark>/!</mark> 771100	500	15°	67	183	263	1/2



KG2000B - Bend 30°

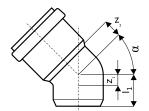
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	No.	DN	α	Z ₁	Z ₂	Ļ	Unit
	771310	110	30°	17	23	95	4/240
	771410	125	30°	19	27,5	102	4/160
	771510	160	30°	24	34	125	4/84
	771610	200	30°	29	46	162	1/40
W!	771110	500	30°	101	217	297	1/2



KG 2000 - Fitting SN 10

KG2000B - Bend 45°





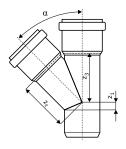


KG2000B - Bend 67°

No.	DN	α	Z ₁	Z_2	l,	Unit
771330	110	67°	41	47	119	4/180
771430	125	67°	44	54	127	4/120
771530	160	67°	56	69	161	2/60

KG2000B - Bend 87°

No.	DN	α	Z ₁	Z_2	l,	Unit
771350	110	87°	59	65	137	4/160
771450	125	87°	66	72	145	4/108
771550	160	87°	84	91	180	2/60





KG2000EA - Branch 45°

No.	DN	α	Z ₁	Z_2	z_3	L [mm]	Unit
772330	110/110	45°	26	134	134	228	4/96
772340	125/110	45°	81	91	91	240	2/76
772440	125/125	45°	29	152	152	255	2/64
772350	160/110	45°	2	168	162	250	2/46
772450	160/125	45°	10	179	175	260	2/40
772550	160/160	45°	37	195	195	320	2/28
772560	200/160	45°	19	221	218	380	1/20
772660	200/200	45°	46	244	244	433	1/15
772760	250/160	45°	57	258	311	500	1/10
772770	250/250	45°	57	311	311	500	1/8
772850	315/160	45°	40	301	250	442	1/7
772860	315/200	45°	72	325	393	617	1/5
772880	315/315	45°	72	393	393	617	1/4
772940	400/160	45°	82	394	526	544	1/3
772960	400/200	45°	55	417	555	601	1/2
772990	400/400	45°	78	683	683	914	1/1
771130	500/160	45°	140	490	530	610	1/2
	772340 772440 772350 772450 772550 772560 772760 772770 772850 772860 772880 772940 772990	772340 125/110 772440 125/125 772350 160/110 772450 160/125 772550 160/160 772560 200/160 77260 250/160 772770 250/250 772850 315/160 772860 315/315 772940 400/200 772990 400/400	772340 125/110 45° 772440 125/125 45° 772350 160/110 45° 772450 160/125 45° 772550 160/160 45° 772560 200/160 45° 772760 250/160 45° 772770 250/250 45° 772850 315/160 45° 772860 315/200 45° 772860 315/315 45° 772940 400/160 45° 772960 400/200 45° 772990 400/400 45°	772330 110/110 45° 26 772340 125/110 45° 81 772440 125/125 45° 29 772350 160/110 45° 2 772450 160/125 45° 10 772550 160/160 45° 37 772560 200/160 45° 19 772660 200/200 45° 46 772760 250/160 45° 57 772770 250/250 45° 57 772860 315/160 45° 40 772860 315/200 45° 72 772880 315/315 45° 72 772940 400/160 45° 82 772960 400/200 45° 55 772990 400/400 45° 78	772330 110/110 45° 26 134 772340 125/110 45° 81 91 772440 125/125 45° 29 152 772350 160/110 45° 2 168 772450 160/125 45° 10 179 772550 160/160 45° 37 195 772560 200/160 45° 19 221 772660 200/200 45° 46 244 772760 250/160 45° 57 258 772770 250/250 45° 57 311 772860 315/160 45° 40 301 772860 315/200 45° 72 325 772880 315/315 45° 72 393 772940 400/160 45° 82 394 772990 400/400 45° 78 683	772330 110/110 45° 26 134 134 772340 125/110 45° 81 91 91 772440 125/125 45° 29 152 152 772350 160/110 45° 2 168 162 772450 160/125 45° 10 179 175 772550 160/160 45° 37 195 195 772560 200/160 45° 19 221 218 772660 200/200 45° 46 244 244 772760 250/160 45° 57 258 311 772770 250/250 45° 57 311 311 772860 315/160 45° 40 301 250 772860 315/315 45° 72 325 393 772840 400/160 45° 82 394 526 772960 400/200 45°	772330 110/110 45° 26 134 134 228 772340 125/110 45° 81 91 91 240 772440 125/125 45° 29 152 152 255 772350 160/110 45° 2 168 162 250 772450 160/125 45° 10 179 175 260 772550 160/160 45° 37 195 195 320 772560 200/160 45° 19 221 218 380 772600 200/200 45° 46 244 244 433 772760 250/160 45° 57 258 311 500 772770 250/250 45° 57 311 311 500 772860 315/160 45° 72 325 393 617 772880 315/315 45° 72 325 393 61

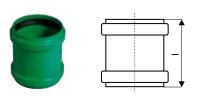
KG2000EA - Branch 87°

No.	DN	α	Z ₁	Z_2	z_3	L[mm]	Unit
774330	110/110	87°	59	64	64	197	4/120
774350	160/110	87°	15	141	140	227	2/46
774550	160/160	87°	81	91	91	279	2/32



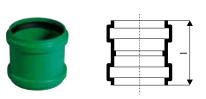
KG2000U - Coupler

	No.	DN	l [mm]	Unit
	778300	110	136	4/280
	778400	125	151,4	4/200
	778500	160	185	4/96
	778600	200	239	1/54
	778700	250	275	1/30
	778800	315	299	1/12
	778900	400	345	1/8
NEW!	771160	500	394	1/4



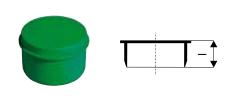
KG2000MM - Double socket

	No.	DN	l [mm]	Unit
	777300	110	136	4/280
	777400	125	151,4	4/200
	777500	160	185	4/96
	777600	200	239	1/54
	777700	250	275	1/30
	777800	315	299	1/12
	777900	400	345	1/8
NEW!	771170	500	407	1/4



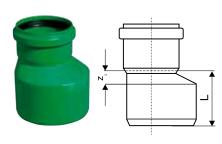
KG2000M - Plug

No.	DN	l [mm]	Unit
777320	110	55	4/780
777420	125	55	4/580
777520	160	70	4/260
777620	200	85	2/160
777720	250	88	1/100
777820	315	98	1/50
777920	400	116	1/32
771180	500	149	1/12



KG2000R - Reducer, eccentric

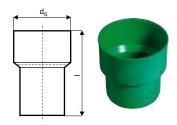
	No.	DN	z ₁	L [mm]	Unit
	775340	125/110	16	99	4/240
	775350	160/110	34	135	4/192
	775450	160/125	28	129	4/104
	775560	200/160	32	175	2/60
	775670	250/200	49	181	1/40
	775780	315/250	63	215	1/25
	775880	400/315	91	271	1/10
/!	771190	500/400	116	312	1/4



KG2000RE - Inspection pipe

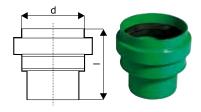
No.	DN	L [mm]	Unit
778310	110	308	2/80
778410	125	313	2/70
778510	160	380	1/40
778610	200	410	1/20





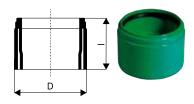
KG2000UG - Connection piece to cast-iron pipe

No.	DN	d_6	l [mm]	Unit
778320	110	124	133	4/420



KG2000US - Connection piece to stoneware pipe - spigot end

No.	DN	d [mm]	l [mm]	Unit
777380	110	138	168	4/288
777580	160	194	226	4/96



KG2000USM - Connection piece to stoneware pipe - socket

No.	DN	D [mm]	l [mm]	Unit
777390	110	132	90	4/380
777590	160	187	97	4/168

KG 2000 - Accessories



KG2000 - Lip seal

No.	DN	Unit
880400	110	-
880410	125	-
880420	160	-
880430	200	-
880440	250	-
880450	315	-
880460	400	-
880470	500	-



KG2000 – NBR gasket (resistant against oils, petrol and fats (animal, vegetable, mineral))

No.	DN	Unit
880500	110	=
880510	125	-
880520	160	-
880530	200	-
880540	250	-
880550	315	-
880560	400	-
880570	500	-



KG2000 - GA-Gasket

No.	DN	Unit
881025	110	16/1344

KG 2000 - Accessories

KG2000 - Profile gasket for KGUS

No.	DN	Unit
881100	110	-
881120	160	-



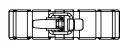


NEW! KG2000 - Pull-out protection

No.	DN	Rohr-außen-Ø mm	Karton	Unit
881570	DN 110	110	16	1
881575	DN 125	125	15	1
881580	DN 160	160	9	1
881585	DN 200	200	13	1

Installation instruction of the pull-out protection at www.ostendorf-kunststoffe.com

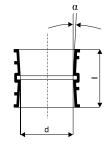




KGF PU - Chamber lining

		_			
No.	DN	α	d [mm]	l [mm]	Unit
820900	110	3°	110,4	110	1/325
821900	125	3°	125,4	110	1/270
822900	160	3°	160,5	110	1/180
823900	200	3°	200,6	110	1/114
820910	110	3°	110,4	240	1/168
821910	125	3°	125,4	240	1/135
822910	160	3°	160,5	240	1/84
823910	200	3°	200,6	240	1/45
824910	250	3°	250,8	240	1/33
825910	315	3°	316,0	240	1/18
826910	400	3°	401,2	240	1/15
827910	500	3°	501,5	240	1/12

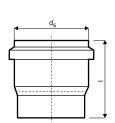




KG2000BA - Connection to concrete pipe

No.	DN	l [mm]	Unit
877570	150	165	1/90
877670	200	197	1/40





KG2000 - Lubricant

No.	ml	Unit
881800	150	50/1750
881810	250	50/1800
881820	500	24/864
881830	1000	12/432



NEW! Sika Watering cap - universal watering cap made of aluminium for tree and plant watering with connectivity to watering pipe DN/OD 80/110

No.	DN/OD	Unit
662400	80/110	12/660





Installation Instructions

SCOPE

The following instructions apply for utilization and installation of KG2000 SN 10 pipes and fittings made of polypropylene (PP), colour spring green RAL 6017, which serve as nonpressure underground pipes for the drainage of waste water according to DIN 1986-3.

For the production of waste water piping systems, the recommendations under DIN 1986-1, DIN 1986-4 and DIN EN 1610 apply.

AREA OF APPLICATION

KG 2000 SN 10 polypropylene waste water pipes and fittings are suitable for the use as underground pipes, sewer connections and sewer pipes for the drainage of waste water in accordance with DIN 1986-3. In special cases the chemical resistance can be seen in the DIN 8078 supplementary sheet no. 1.

KG 2000 SN 10 pipes and fittings can be used as:

- a) Ground pipes
- b) Connection sewers

as well as in heavy duty areas (SLW 60) with a minimum covering of 0.8m, with a maximum covering of 6 m and in ground water regions.

TRANSPORTING AND STORING KG 2000 SN 10 PIPES AND FITTINGS

The pipes and fittings are to be protected against damage. The pipes should be supported over their entire length during transport in order to avoid sagging. Impact stress - especially under freezing temperatures - must be avoided.

Pipes and fittings may be stored outdoors. The following measures must be observed on storing pipes:

- a) Pipes must be stored in such a manner that perfect support is ensured and no deformations can occur.
- b) The pipe layers can be stored both with and without wood in between them.
- c) On storing, the pipe sockets should be horizontally and vertically unhampered.
- d) A stacking height of 2 meters should not be exceeded.

Rubber sealing elements, if not protected, should not be stored outside for long periods.

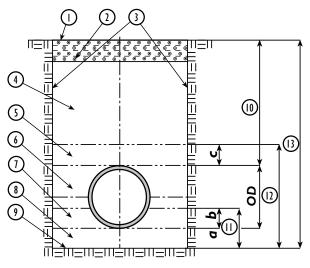


SUPPORT AND EMBEDDING

Pipes can be laid in consistent, relatively loose, fine-grained soil if a support along the entire length is possible. At the sockets, hollows are to be made in the lower embedding area so that the connection can be properly carried out. The hollows may not be larger than necessary in order to carry out proper connections.

Should the soil in question not be suitable as a support, the ditch bed must be dug deeper and a support made. The thickness of the lower embedding layer may not exceed the

- a) 100 mm in the case of normal soil
- b) 150 mm in the case of stones or compact soil



- 1 Surface
- 2 Lower edge of the road or rail
- structure, if present 3 Ditch walls
- 4 Main filling (3.6)
- 5 Cover (3.5) 6 Side filling (3.12)
- Upper bedding layer
- 8 Lower bedding layer
- 9 Ditch bed

- 10 Cover height
- 11 Thickness of embedding 12 Thickness of the piping area
- 13 Ditch depth
- a Thickness of the lower bedding laver
- b Thickness of the upper bedding layer
- c Thickness of the cover

The thickness of the upper embedding layer should be carried out in such a manner that structural analysis conditions are fulfilled and a support angle of 180° is achieved, i.e. generally 0.5 x DA. Should the bed of the ditch prove to not have sufficient supporting properties, special measures are required. Should, due to the construction, a concrete slab be necessary in the area on which the pipes rest, it is recommended that provision is made for an intermediate layer of suitable soil between the pipe and slab. This layer should be 150 mm under the pipe shaft and 100 mm under the connection.

Should, for structural reasons, additional steps for instalment be considered essential, a concrete slab above the covering area is recommended instead of a concrete jacket for load distribution purposes. Should a concrete jacket be planned, it is to be produced in such a manner that the entire structural load can be absorbed by the jacket.

EMBEDDING IN CONCRETE

Polypropylene pipes and fittings may be directly embedded in concrete. However, the following instructions must be observed:

- a) Cover the socket gap with adhesive tape so that no concrete grout can seep in, which may then hinder the subsequent functioning of the push-fit socket.
- b) Protect the pipes against uplifting. The intervals between the mounting points must ensure that no excessive sagging can occur (formation of water traps).
- c) Thermal changes in length, both on installation and in subsequent operation, must be taken into consideration.

6. INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

Prior to installation, KG 2000 SN 10 pipes and fittings must be checked for any damage. Each pipe and fitting is to be levelled according to gradient and direction. A straight, continuous path in the stipulated gradient is to be observed.

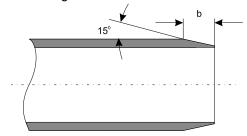
7. CUTTING TO LENGTH AND BEVELLING

If necessary, pipes may be cut to length with a suitable plastic cutter or fine-toothed saw. Cuts are to be made at right angles to the pipe axis. A guiding frame may be useful.

Fig. 3 Cutting to length with a frame



Fig. 3a Bevelling



Fittings may not be shortened as otherwise their seal tightness property

DN	110	125	160	200	250	315	400	500
b mm ca.	6	6	7	9	9	12	15	18

The cutting edges must be trimmed. The pipe ends must be bevelled at an angle of approx. 15°, as in the illustration, using either a suitable tool for bevelling or a coarse file.

8. SETTING UP THE CONNECTION AT PIPES AND FITTINGS

- a) Remove any dirt from the inserting end (spigot end) and sockets and, if necessary, from the sealing element.
- b) Check the position of the sealing elements and make sure they are in perfect condition.
- c) Coat the bevelling of the inserting end evenly with a lubricant. Do not use any oil or grease!
- d) Push the inserting end into the socket until it resists and make a marking on the edge of the socket with a pencil or a felt-tip pen. Finally the pipe end must be pulled approx.
- 3 mm per metre of installed total length. It must, however, be pulled out at least 10 mm. The installation of couplers and double sockets is carried out in the same manner.

9. CONNECTION TO CONSTRUCTIONS

Connections to constructions (chambers etc.) are to be carried out with joints using chamber inner linings (KGF). Sealing between the chamber inner lining and the sewer pipe is carried out by means of the rubber sealing ring.



10. FILLING AND SEALING

Either earth at the location or material delivered can be used as material for the piping area as long as neither the pipe material nor the ground water are affected. A suitable bedding material is layered, grainy loose soil with a maximum granule size of <22 mm or alternately crushed construction materials with a maximum granule size of 11 mm. Hydraulically combined construction materials such as stabilised soil, light concrete, lean-mixed concrete, non-reinforced concrete are suitable.

During the procedure of filling and sealing in the region of pipes up to 30 cm above the pipe shaft, particular care must be taken that

- a) Pipes are not brought out of alignment or position. Sand cones or other accessories may be of assistance.
- b) By means of layering suitable soil and intensive compressing up to and above the recommended height, it is ensured that no hollows form under the pipes and the supporting angle stipulated in the structural analysis is achieved.

Compression and the material fed in contribute directly to stability. Each layer is to be compressed either manually or with the help of light machines. Finally the remaining main filling is to be carried out in accordance with planning and instructions, in order to avoid surface subsidence.

11. WATERTIGHT TEST

Checking to see that piping, shafts and inspection openings are watertight is either to be carried out with air (procedure "L") or with water (procedure "W"). In the case of procedure "L" the number of corrective measures and repeated checks in the case of failure is unlimited. In the case of a single or repeated failure to pass the test with air, moving on to testing with water is permissible. The result of the test with water is then decisive.

Leak tests have to be executed according to DIN EN 1610 Construction and testing of drains and sewers or DIN 1986-30 Drainage systems on private ground- Part 30: Maintenance.

During the leak tests with air or water the ends of the pipe lines have to be closed with products of the pipe system.



KG 2000 DN 160 Pull-out protection



Products by **Gebr. Ostendorf Kunststoffe GmbH**

HT-System (PP)

Discharge Pipes and Fittings DN 32-DN 160 acc. to DIN EN 1451-1

Skolan dB

Soundproof Pipe System DN 56-DN 200 acc. to Z-42.1-217

KG 2000 SN 10

Waste Water Pipes and Fittings DN 110-DN 500 acc. to DIN 14758

KG-System SN 4 (PVC-U) - Coex SN 8 (PVC-U) - Full Wall SN 10 (PVC-U)

Drainage Pipes and Fittings DN 110-DN 500 acc. to DIN EN 13476-2 and DIN EN 1401

Ostendorf Chamber System DN 400 (PP) (PVC-U)

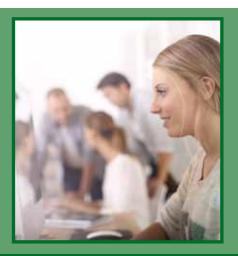
Chamber bases, Riser pipes and Telescopic covers DN 400 acc. to DIN 13598

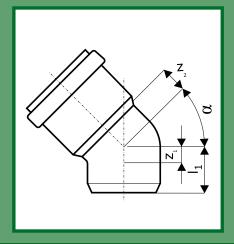
Ostendorf Chamber System DN 600 (PP)

Chamber bases, Riser pipes and Telescopic covers DN 600 acc. to DIN 13598

PE Pressure Pipes Drinking Water

Pressure Pipes for Drinking Water DN/OD 20-DN/OD 63 acc. to DIN EN 12201







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Rudolf-Diesel-Straße 6-8 | 49377 Vechta Phone: +49(0)4441-874-0 | Fax: +49(0)4441-874-15 export@ostendorf-kunststoffe.com | www.ostendorf-kunststoffe.com